

SRI: SOURCES OF INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT

SRI has been spreading through diverse and highly decentralized means, as individuals and institutions increasingly understand and act on the opportunities that SRI concepts and methods are opening up for farmers and their families. These methods also benefit consumers and the environment. Below is a listing of NGOs, foundations, international and government agencies that have supported, funded or facilitated the dissemination, adoption, and adaptation of SRI in a diverse set of countries, now over 50. The listing does not include the hundreds of local NGOs and other organizations directly involved with communities in implementing SRI programs.

Non-Governmental Organizations

ADRA: Madagascar; Cambodia; Indonesia (NTT province)

African Institute for Capacity and Development (AICAD): Kenya

Agence Française de Dèveloppement (AFD): Madagascar

Buddhist Global Relief: Vietnam, Cambodia, India, Haiti; Ethiopia (SCI)

CARITAS: Indonesia (Aceh province); Philippines; Myanmar; Sierra Leone

Catholic Relief Services: Madagascar; Sri Lanka; Cambodia; Philippines; India

European Development Fund (EDF): Vietnam

Latter Day Saints (LDS) Charities: Cambodia

Lutheran World Federation: Myanmar; India (Bihar state)

Mercy Corps: Nepal; Sri Lanka; India; Myanmar; Timor Leste

OXFAM: Bangladesh; Burkina Faso; Cambodia; Ghana; Haiti; India; Laos; Philippines;

Sri Lanka; Timor Leste; Vietnam

Pro-Net 21 (Japan): Laos

Rotary Club-Lille Est (France): Madagascar

SNV (Netherlands Development Organization): Vietnam; Nepal

Thai Education Foundation: Thailand

World Vision: Sierra Leone; Vietnam; Sri Lanka, Nepal; Ghana; Zambia

World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF): India; Madagascar

DONOR AGENCIES

Aga Khan Foundation: India (Gujarat and Bihar states); Madagascar; Mozambique

Asian Development Bank: India (Chhattisgarh state); Cambodia, Laos, Thailand and Vietnam,

through GMS

Australian Aid: Vietnam

Barr Foundation: Haiti

Better U Foundation: Madagascar; Mali; SRI-Rice Center at Cornell

Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation: India (Bihar state); Ethiopia, using SRI ideas/methods to

improve the production of tef (STI) in this country

European Union: Cambodia, Laos, Thailand, Vietnam, through action research project based

at AIT; Nepal, through FAO Food Facility Program; Timor Leste

German Government (BMZ, GTZ, GIZ): Cambodia; Timor Leste; Vietnam

Inter-American Institute for Agricultural Cooperation (IICA): Dominican Republic

International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD): Madagascar; Burundi; Rwanda: http://www.ifad.org/operations/projects/regions/pf/pub/SRI%20case%20study.pdf; Cambodia;

Malawi; Vietnam

Lotus Foods: Cambodia, Indonesia, Madagascar

Japanese Overseas Volunteers: Cambodia; Laos; Vietnam

Norwegian Government: Afghanistan, through FAO/IPM project; Tanzania

Ohrstrom Foundation: SRI-Rice Center at Cornell

Sir Dorabji Tata Trust: India

Swiss Development Cooperation: Madagascar; India

Syngenta Development Foundation: India (Bihar state); Mali

The World Bank: India (Bihar and Tamil Nadu states); West Africa: Benin, Burkina Faso, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Togo through the West African Agricultural Productivity Program (WAAPP); Kenya (Mwas schame)

(Mwea scheme)

The World Bank Institute: Kenya; Malawi; multi-media toolkit on the System of Rice Intensification: http://info.worldbank.org/etools/docs/library/245848/

U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO): Afghanistan; DPRK; Nepal

U.S. Agency for International Development: Madagascar; Mali; Haiti; Ghana; Tanzania

U.S. Peace Corps: Madagascar; West African region



For more on SRI, visit: http://sri.cals.cornell.edu